Simón Bolívar led armies against Spain for independence of its former South American colonies: Venezuela, Colombia, Panama, Ecuador, Peru and Bolivia. He is hailed as El Libertador.

1. There were 13 original states. Name three.  (64)

2. Who is the “Father of Our Country”?  (69)

Pedro Hernandez was convicted for murder by a Texas court that systematically excluded Mexican-Americans. In 1954, the US Supreme Court required that Hernandez be retried by a jury whose jurors were chosen without discrimination. The Court held that the 14th Amendment protects persons beyond the racial classes of white or black, and extends protection to nationality groups as well.

3. What is one responsibility that is only for United States citizens?*  (49)

4. What movement tried to end racial discrimination?  (84)

“The Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) was an U.S. immigration policy that allowed some individuals who entered the country as minors to receive a renewable two-year period of deferred action from deportation and to be eligible for a work permit.”

“As of 2017, approximately 800,000 individuals—referred to as Dreamers after the DREAM Act bill—were enrolled in the program created by DACA. The policy was established by the Obama administration as an Executive Order in June 2012 and rescinded by the Trump administration in September 2017.”

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Deferred_Action_for_Childhood_Arrivals

As of September 2017, groups across America, many of which are led by Latino youth, have mobilized to support DACA and comprehensive immigration reform.

5. What is the “rule of law”?  (12)

6. Who makes federal laws?  (15)

7. Who signs bills to become laws?  (33)

8. Who vetoes bills?  (34)

9. What are two rights of everyone living in the United States?  (51)

10. What are two ways that Americans can participate in their democracy?  (55)